Trostle, Sharon F. - DEP

From: Sent:

info@CleanWaterAction.Org Friday, October 12, 2001 11:44 AM

To:

RegComments@state.pa.us

Subject:

PN/CCR Rule

Name: Street:

Jean A. McWilliams 1610 Hillcrest Rd.

City:

Lavarock

State:

PA 19038

Zip: Email:

shasos@aol.com

eActivist: no

Submit

Comment:

Send:

Dear Environmental Quality Board

Please strengthen the proposed rules for Public Notification and Consumer Confidence Reports that were recently published in the Pennsylvania Bulletin.

Receiving timely and accurate information about the quality of drinking water is very important to protect our health.

I urge you to make the following changes to the proposed rules:

Public Notification Rule:

- Require all utilities to notify the media within 24 hours whenever their water violates a state drinking water standard.
- Require utilities to use multiple methods to notify the public, especially for the most serious violations.

Consumer Confidence Reports:

- Make sure that Consumer Confidence Reports (CCR's) list specific polluters by name when reliable data is available from government reports or databases.
- Require that CCR's be sent to all consumers, not just bill paying customers.
- Make sure that CCR's include health effect information for all detected contaminants.

Trostle, Sharon F. - DEP

From: stmarksrec@juno.com

Sent: Friday, October 12, 2001 12:08 PM

To: regcomments@state.pa.us

Subject: PN/CCR rule

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To Whom It May Concern,

I am writing in response to the PA-DEP's new Public Notification and Consumer Confidence Report Rules. These regulations are critical to letting all Pennsylvanians, particularly the vulnerable populations most at risk, to protect themselves from contaminants in their water that could make them sick.

I have the following concerns:

Public Notification Rule: I am concerned that the proposed rule will weaken some of the existing protections afforded to residents of Pennsylvania, in some cases actually delaying notification when our water is unsafe to drink.

Notification of the media within 24 hours: Under the proposed rule, it may sometimes be as long as 30 days before the public is notified that unhealthy levels of arsenic or some other cancer-causing chemicals have been found in their tap water. This is obviously unacceptable. Consumers should be informed of any violation of state drinking water standards as soon as possible so that they can take steps to protect their health. The quickest way to do this is to require that utilities notify local newspapers and the broadcast media of any Tier I or Tier II violation within 24 hours.

Use multiple methods of notification to reach people: While immediate notification of the media is important, using the media alone is not sufficient. Multiple methods of notification need to be utilized in order to reach all consumers of the water supply, particularly for the most serious violations (Tier I). In addition, using a posting as the only means of informing the public about a drinking water violation is not sufficient. Utilities should be required to use several of the available options for informing their consumers about potential threats to their health, especially for the most serious Tier I violations.

Send repeat notices of continued violations within 30 days: DEP's current proposal would allow utilities to wait up to 90 days before notifying consumers when violations of drinking water standards continue. Notices that the water continues to be unsafe should be sent out at least every 30 days to ensure that people continue to take precautions to protect their health.

Consumer Confidence Report Rule: I urge the EQB to include the following changes in the rule governing the annual water reports sent to customers.

Distribute the report to all consumers: Mailing reports only to bill-paying customers ignores a substantial portion of the population. Individuals who rent and don't generally pay water bills, which include lower-income people and the elderly, are often more vulnerable to water related health problems. However, most renters will never receive a report under the proposed rules. A recent survey of over 100 Consumer Confidence Reports from across Pennsylvania found several feasible and affordable for utilities to supply reports to all consumers. All utilities should be required to do so.

Name specific polluters by name: Water utilities are required to list known sources of contamination by name in the reports when "reliable"

information is available. I urge the DEP to define "reliable" in order to give clearer directions to utilities. I suggest that utilities be required to list specific sources of contamination when data from any of the following sources is available: source water assessments, sanitary surveys, the Toxic Release Inventory, Discharge Monitoring Reports or state or federal Superfund data. Utilities should use other information as available but these specific resources should be referenced in order to provide clear direction to utilities.

Provide health information for all detected contaminants: The proposed regulations only require utilities to include health effects language for detected contaminants that violate state or federal drinking water standards (with several exceptions for which additional health language is required). I believe that consumers should be provided health effects information for all detected contaminants. Again, several utilities in Pennsylvania have taken steps to include with information in their reports without causing public alarm or incurring additional costs.

Make available a full non-English translation of the report: The proposed regulations require systems that have a large portion of non-English speaking residents to include information in the appropriate language expressing the importance of the report and urging the reader to find someone to translate it. That is not sufficient. I believe that if a water utility serves a community where at least five percent of the population does not speak fluent English, the utility should be required to translate its CCR into that language. Further, it should place a prominent notice that language in the report sent to all consumers announcing the availability of the translated version. This is the only way to guarantee accurate information is provided to non-English speaking populations.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment, and look forward to a positive response from the Board and the Department.

Sincerely,

Richard Workowski 1162 Beverly Rd PA 19046

Page 1 of 8

Name	Address	City	State	Zip Code	<u>Email</u>
adam dibella	po box 38862	philadelphia	PA	19104	dibella@dolphin.upenn.edu
Adam Savett	1202 Dogwood Circle	Blue Bell	РА	19422	asavett@hotmail.com
adrienne teodoro	634 stockton circle	ridley park	РА	19078	adteodor@marauder.millersville.e
Alice M. Lang	25 froquois drive	Royersford	РА	19468	alibobl@aol.com
Allen Kerkeslager	833 Fairfax Road	Drexel Hill	РА	19026	akerkesl@rcn.com
Allyson Palinkas	444 N. 3rd St.	Emmaus	PA	18049	Frogger3841@hotmail.com
Andrea Saunders	1133 Delaware Avenue	Bethlehem	РА	18015	mwill2@earthlink.net
Anne Meltzer	1335 Little Lehigh Drive	Emmaus	PA	18049	AMeltzer@lehigh.edu
Autumn Thomas	575 Mockingbird Way	Warrington	РА	18976	h2olover76@yahoo.com
Barbara Danin	2203 Ash Grove	Ambier	РА	19002	barbaradanin@yahoo.com
Barbara Darsey	2 Franklin Town Blvd	Philadelphia	PA	19103	rexcezxanne@webtv.net
Barbara Krienke	4907 Cabin Run Rd.	Pipersville	РА	18947	zeta_wave@yahoo.com
Beth Kemler	2101 S College Ave	Philadelphia	PA	19121	bethkemler@yahoo.com
Beverly Williamson-Pecori	158 Russets Circle	Bridgeville	PA	15017	bwp97@earthlink.net
Brenda Frymoyer	417 Floret Ave	Reading	PA	19605	bsfrymoyer@earthlink.net
Brian Geiger	549 Hillcrest Road	York	PA	17403	BGeiger@Yorktownpc.com
Brian Murr	1567 Mount Gretna Rd	Elizabethtown	PA	17022	bmurr@starband.net
Bruce Bouchard	430 North Franklin Street	Hanover	PA	17331	bouchard@sun-link.com
Carol Donohoe	101 Spirit Ct	Blandon	PA	19510	cd625@aol.com

Name	Address	City	<u>State</u>	Zip Code	<u>Email</u>
chris BOZARTH	PO BOX 39294	PHILA.	PA	19136	CHRISBOZARTH@MSN.COM
chris madden	231 laray drive	butler	РА	16001	buckmadden@hotmail.com
D L Bostaph	408 Pasadena Dr	Erie	РА	16505	pyewackett40@webtv.net
DALE MARKOWITZ	920 Stoney Brook Drive	Springfield	PA	19064	markowd@msn.con
dan moyer	140 tower rd.	ottsville	РА	18942	dfm3@lehigh.edu
Dan Ross	1240 Donna Pl	Lansdale	PA	19446	dsross@erols.com
Daniel P. Darrow	889 Carson Street	Hazleton	PA	18201	ddarrow@intergrafix.net
David Denkenberger	64 Atherton Hall	University Park	PA	16802	dxd212@psu.edu
David Kay	123 Red Rambler Drive	Lafayette Hill	PA	19444	dkay@seic.com
Debbie Sickles	126 North Penryn Road	Manheim	PA	17545	kdgsic@infi.net
Deborah Weirbach	822 Prospect Avenue	Bethlehem	PA	18018	agentdiw@yahoo.com
denise pandich	1008 northfield dr	elizabethtown	PA	17022	shemuffin@yahoo.com
Diane DaBaldo	557 Thompson Avenue	Clairton	PA	15025	fotodee@aol.com
Dianne Retzback	12835 Cliffe Drive	Philadelphia	PA	19154	dianneretzback@usa.net
Donald Conn	1708 McBride Ave	Pittsburgh	PA	15207	acdrc@webtv.net
Donna Smith-Remick	3041 Century Lane	Bensalem	PA	19020	donnalduck@usa.net
Donna Walter	421 N. Bethlehem Pike	Spring House	PA	19477-0265	donnawalter@tradenet.net
Edward Waxman	2677 Carnegie Road, Apt. 202	York	PA		erwaxman@yahoo.com
Ellizabeth McCarthy					bamccary@kiski.net

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<u>Email</u> eckelgj@msx.upmc.edu	Erica_A_Wetherhold@sbphrd.co	fsampgh@aol.com	fmdabaldo@afftrex.com	fmnelson@mindspring.com	fxdelonejr@aol.com	glovescats@chapline.net	drui11@earthlink.net	geraldneal@sprintmail.com	gregorj@hotmail.com	glz106@psu.edu	hbrolinson@aol.com	hollykata@earthlink.net	jake394@home.com	j1946@epix.net	jmoore@eatnpark.com	chefjane91@aol.com	lady_laughing_2000@excite.com	jayerb@yahoo.com
Email eckelg	Eric	fsan	fmd	fmu	fxde	glov	drui	gera	greç	glz1	hbrc	holly	jake	j194	jmor	chet	lady	јауе
Zip Code 15203	19312	15220	15025	18969	19073	19119	19130	19044	19460	16801	19007	15221	19006	18848	15216	18049	17948	19465
State PA	PA	PA	ΡΑ	PA	PA	PA	A A	ΡΑ	PA	PA	ΡΑ	РА	PA	PA	PA	РА	PA	PA
<i>City</i> Pittsburgh	Berwyn	Pittsburgh	Clairton	Telford	newtown square	Philadelphia	Philadelphia	Horsham	Phoenixville	State College	Bristol	Pittsburgh	Huntingdon Valley	Towanda	Pittsburgh	Emmaus	mahanoy city	Pottstown
Address 1906 Jane St.	967 Ethan Allen Rd	810 Kerr Street	867 Vankirk Street	203 N. Washington Street	309 crum creek la ne	310 W. Hortter Street	820 N Corinthian Ave	127 Victoria Lane	122 Sunset Avenue	239 S. Barnard	1405 New Rodgers Rd #A12	1217 Walnut St.	1618 Pennypack Rd	512 1/2 Main St	19 Ralston Pl.	606 Alden Dr.	103 S McKinley St	1153 Temple Rd.
<i>Name</i> Emily Eckel	Erica Wetherhold-Barnes	Felicia Sam	Florence DaBaldo	Frances Nelson	Frank Delone	Gabrielle Brodie	Gail Haaz	Gerald Neal	Greg Pasquarello	Greg Zausen	Hans Brolinson	Holly Anderson	Irene Haralabatos MD	James Stewart	Jamie Moore	Jane LeDoux	janet mack	Jay Erb

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Name	Address	City	<u>State</u>	Zip Code	Email
Jean A. McWilliams	1610 Hillcrest Rd.	Lavarock	РА	19038	shasos@aol.com
Jeanne Truschel	5972 Alder Street	Pittsburgh	РА	15232	getoutside15@hotmail.com
Jennifer Halverson	431 Markle Street	Philadelphia	РА	19128	jenhalverson@yahoo.com
Jennifer Holzer	500 College Ave	Swarthmore	РА	19081	jholzer1@swarthmore.edu
Jennifer Snyder	823 South Third Street	Philadelphia	PA	19147	jennifer.a.snyder@gsk.com
Jeremiah Blatz	1845 Arlington Ave	Pittsburgh	PA	15210	blatz@maya.com
Jesse Schultz	611 West King Rd.	Maivern	PA	19355	schultj@netaxs.com
joe canfora	741 tamarack trail	reading	PA	19607	burntweney@aol.com
Jon Weiss	28 Copper Beech Drive	Lafayette Hill	PA	19444	jondweiss@erols.com
Jonathan Markowitz	P.O. Box 656	Lahaska	PA	18931	ash_ketchum_111@yahoo.com
Joshua Brown	336 Sleepy Hollow Rd.	Smithfield	PA	15478	casiustroy16@hotmail.com
Judith Gorog	1275 Wheatland Ave	Lancaster	PA	17603	jagged@epix.net
Judith Roberts	576 Shadow Lane	State College	PA	16803	jir23psu@yahoo.com
Julia Krall	2215 Arch Street, Apt 607	Philadelphia	PA	19103	juliaandbeau@yahoo.com
Julie Costa-Malcolm	345 Avon Road E135	Devon	PA	19333	julzlady@hotmail.com
Karen Becker	512 Melissa Drive	Ambler	PA	19002	beckerki@hotmail.com
Kari Samuels	6329 Walnut Street	Pittsburgh	PA	15206	ksamuels@chahtam.edu
Kate Limbos	161 Mechanics St	Doylestown	PA	18901	katelimbos@hotmail.com
Kay Garrity-Roth	37 East Lincoln Avenue	Lititz	PA	17543	garroth@dejazzd.com

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Name	Address	City	<u>State</u>	Zip Code	Email
knaoijan parnett	146/ Draddock lane	wynnewood	pa	19096	specialk404@yahoo.com
Laura Colhouer	1331 bennington Ave.	Pittsburgh	PA	15217	ohjread@aol.com
Laurence Connor	460 Shakespeare Dr	Collegeville	PA	19426	Iconn1@bellatantic.net
Lenore Zausen	1229 Potomac Ave.	Erie	PA	16505	dmz@erie.net
Liani Hernandez	3615 Hamilton Walk	Philadelphia	РА	19104	godzilla1214@aol.com
Linda Stevens	920 Trinity Lane	King of Prussia	PA	19406-3604	ljskop@att.net
Louise Hillman	PO box 53	mansfield	PA	16933	yelo53@epix.net
Lynnette Dalton	1301 Ingham St.	Pittsburgh	PA	15212	moocha7@aol.com
Marci Miezio	272 Lewis Rd	West Grove	PA	19390	Azelana@hotmail.com
margie dittoe	26 Sego Sago Rd	manheim	PA	17545	mdittoe2@juno.com
Marianne McGillin	250 E. Winona Ave	Norwood	ΡA	19074	gillin11@home.com
Marie Rizzo	2638 Avondale Ave	Abington	PA	19001	mrizzoooo@home.com
Marion Kirshner	1810 Orchard Avenue	Folsom	PA	19033	mkirshner@att.net
Marlena Buterbaugh	549 Hillcrest Rd.	York	PA	17403	marlenas_secret@hotmail.com
Martin Zanni	1254 S. 45th St.	Philadelphia	PA	19104	zanni@sas.upenn.edu
Mary Ann Krszal	100 Westbrooke Lane	Coraopolis	PA	15108	krszal@hotmail.com
Maureen Roach	210 Knox SV	Norristown	PA	19401	reremdr@ecologyfund.com
Melissa Reinard	1042 Packer St.	Sunbury	PA	17801	ms_reinard@acad.fandm.edu
Michael Zuckerman	3207 Winter St.	Philadelphia	PA	19104	mzuckerm@history.upenn.edu

Page 5 of 8

Name	Address	City	State	Zip Code	<u>Email</u>
Michelle Wilson	9428 Lansford Street, Apt. C	Philadelphia	РА		shellewilson@yahoo.com
mindyjane berman	1011 South Leopard Road	Berwyn	РА	19312	mjandboys@yahoo.com
Miriam Greenwald	215 Edgehill Road	Merion Station	PA	19066	mgreen1096@aol.com
Monica Willett	5420-B Locust Lane	Harrisburg	PA	17109	monkka@att.net
Mr. Carmen Santasania	1410 Charles Street	State College	PA	16801	ctsantasania@cs.com
Myron McCormick	235 Chestnut St.	Sewickley	PA	15143	ronm5975@bellatlantic.net
Nancy Wiker Moskow	5107 Lighthouse Ln	Bensalem	PA	19020	musicseq.nwm@rcn.com
Neil Bajwa	63 Spring Valley Lane	Pittsburgh	ΡΑ	15238	devgru6@aol.com
Nishad Majmudar	65 Spring Valley Lane	Pittsburgh	PA	15238	nishadm@hotmail.com
Patrick Corrigan	102 Primrose drive	sarver	PA	16055	Patrick.Corrigan@nationalcity.co
Patrick J Heller	438 S 4th St	Colwyn	PA	19023-2706	Troop395BSA@Juno.com
Paul Pasles	275 South Bryn Mawr Ave.	Bryn Mawr	PA	19010	pasles@juno.com
Paul Thompson	863 Euclid ave	Warrington	PA	18976	gadfly10@erols.com
Peter Javsicas	1316 Church Road	Oreland	PA	19075	pjavsicas@earthlink.net
peter lehmann	122 watkins st	philly	PA	19147	plehmann85@earthlink.net
Peter Patton	703 Grove Place	Havertown	PA	19083	pmpttn@erols.com
Randal Curti	625 10th St.	Oakmont	PA	15139	rcurti@msn.com
Randi Meredith	1011 Penn Circle D506	King of Prussia	РА	19406	randimm@hotmail.com
randi morgan	28 Myrtle Hill Rd.	Sewickley	PA	15143	morgangarber@home.com

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Name	Address	City	State	Zip Code	Email
Stephanie Clifford	818 Shelvey Summit	Kersey	ΡΑ	15846	Scliffo_2000@yahoo.com
Stephanie Haynes	1324 S. Broad Street	Philadelphia	PA	19146	schaynes@juno.com
Stephen Rodden	218 Pickwick Rd.	Havertown	PA	19083	srodden1@msn.com
Steven Senderling	1163 Beech Ct.	Yardley	PA	19067	Srs@concentric.net
Susan Gerken	458 Gail Drive	Nazareth	PA	18064	SGerken@aol.com
Susan J. Miller	1303 Hillside Avenue	Honesdale	PA	18431	jvadp@voicenet.com
Susan Shaw	21 Longpoint Lane	Rose Valley	РА	19063	susanshaw@home.com
Suzanne Lipkin	8822 Fairfield St.	Philadelphia	РА	19152	suziehita@hotmail.com
Terri Prusack	1724 Julie Drive	Downingtown	PA	19335	topru@ccis.net
The Kubiaks	1890 Greentree Dr.	Erie	РА	16509	dkubiak@ncinter.net
tina horowitz	4701 pine street m8	philadelphia	РА	19143	tinah53374@aol.com
Todd Clay	115 Kingsley St	Philadelphia	PA	19127	cityguy@ebates.com
Trudie Regan	143 Heartwood Rd	Levittown	РА	19056	gregan@dscp.dla,mil
Wait Holdsworth	310 Legion Hts.	Elkland	PA	16920	Ironworker02@yahoo.com
Wendy Cummings	256 Ashford	Pittsburgh	PA	15229	wendetha@yahoo.com
William Adams, Jr., PhD,	394 Burton Ave	Washington	PA	15301	bsgadams@telerama.com
Wm. E. Baukey	623 wadsworth ave	Philadelphia	PA	19119	wmeb@juno.com

Page 8 of 8

Original: 2214



p.o. box 8477 harrisburg, pa. 17105-8477 * (717)787-4526

October 16, 2001

Mr. Robert E. Nyce, Executive Director Independent Regulatory Review Commission 14th Floor, Harristown #2 333 Market Street Harrisburg, PA 17120

Re: Proposed Rulemaking – Safe Drinking Water (#7-368)

Dear Mr. Nyce:

The Environmental Quality Board has received comments regarding the above referenced proposed rulemaking from the following:

1.	Marcie J. Wood	13.	Heather Sliwinski
2.	Nicole Yoder	14.	Ed Sliwinski
3.	Paul Fitzgerald	15.	Anne Kearney
4.	Erin C. Ritter	16.	Thomas P. Hezel
5.	Frederick K. Loomis	17.	Lynne M. Kleppel
6.	Sally Torres	18.	Ashley Harris
7.	Crystal Warman	19.	Robert Kernaghan
8.	Leo Sobolewski	20.	Phoebe McClain
9.	David Wright	21.	Kathleen & Brian Shelmerdine
10.	Mr. & Mrs. John Ward	22.	Resident
11.	Madeline Ayala	23.	Jen Zapf, Ph.D.
12.	Edalis Ayala	24.	O. Phillips (no address)

These comments are enclosed for your review. Copies have also been forwarded to the Senate and House Environmental Resources and Energy Committees. Please contact me if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Sharon F. Trostle

Regulatory Coordinator

S. J. Justie

Enclosure

Dear Environmental Quality Board,

Please strengthen Pennsylvania's rules about our right to know about the quality of our drinking water. Please require utilities to notify the media within 24 hours any time our water violates state standards and require them to use multiple methods to inform us so that everyone is sure to find out when their water is unsafe

Also, please require utilities (onsumer Confidence Reports to list health effects For all contaminants detected in our water, to list specific polluters by name when data is available, and have the CCR's sent to all customers, not just bill paying customers.

Thank you. I look forward to your response.

GEUVE OCT - 9 2001 ENVIROL MAL QUALITY BOARD

Sincesely,

Marcie J. Wood 1833 W. Tilghman St. Allentown PA 18104

Nicole Yoder 519 St. Goorge St. Allentown, PA 18104

To The Environmental Quality Board,

I'm writing to tell you to strengthen PA's rules about our right to know about our water quality. I urge you to require that Consumer Confidence Reports list specific polluters by name when possible. List health effects for all contaminants detected in our water. They should also be sent to all customers, not just bill paying customers. Require utilities to notify the media within author any time our water violates state standards. And to use multiple methods.



Sincerely, Nicole Yoder Please respond

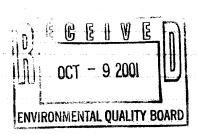


Everomental Quality Board

Require Utilities to notify the media within 24 hours any time our with violates state standards.

Require Utilities to use multiple mothods to Inform us when our water is enough.

> Parel Stard 129 S. Spryce II Bird horo, 1a. 1950



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519 N. StGEorge SI Altentown PA 18104 Sopt 27, 2001

Environmental Quality Board:

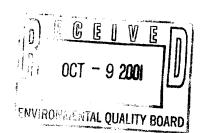
when you change The rules to notify us about our drinking water, please strengthen Them, not weaken them.

Require utilities to notify the public 3 different ways within 24 hrs. of violation Everyone should know about there drinking water, make sure all conscumers get consumer Confidence reports not just bill paying customers

Thanks for your time Prease respond

Erin (Ritter

Ern (Riller



971 Bangor Rd Nayareth, PA 18064 September 27,2001

TO: Emironmental Quality Board PO Box 8477 Harrislung, PA 17105-8477

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This is a second to the

I am writing regarding the comment period for the Pullic Notification Rule and the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) Rule. Please strengthen PA's Rules in these areas. Specifically:

- Require utilities to notify the media within 24 hours any time our drinking water violates state standards

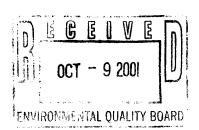
- Require utilities to use multiple methods to inform us when our water is unsafe.

A single means of notification will miss too many people. Posting of a notice should not even be included as a method.

- Require that CCR's list leadth effects for all detects, specifically name polluters when those polluters are listed in superfund lists, TRI or other reliable sources and

one sent to all consumers, not just bill-pagers. Thank you for your consideration.

Incerely, Inederick K. Loomis Q.



To whom it may concern:

Please them to strenghten

Pennsylvanias rules about our right

to know about the guality of our

drinking water

Please require utilités to use multiple methods to inform us when our water is un safe.

Succeedy, Sally Torres 630 Weiser St. Reading Pd 19601 (610) 376-6505

OCT S 2001

I am writing you this letter to urganization protect our right to know about what's in our drinking water. Our water is something so precious to all living kind. "Why go and allow contaminants into our water"

You should require all utilities to notify
the media with in 24 hrs. any time our water
violates state standards, also use multiple
methods to get this info around. About
Consumer Confidence reports - you should
make sure that they are being sent
to every body, not just those who
are bill paying customer. When you vote
on this Remember how important
clean, safe drinking water is!!!

PHase Respond I would like to hear how
you feel about our water.



Sincerly,
Crystal Warman
B1 1/2 Franklin St. Rear
Weissport, PA 18234

ENVRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD PO BOX 8477 HARRISBURG, PA 17105-8477

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VIOLATES STATE STAUDADE	
REQUIRE UTILITIES TO USE M	UTIPLE METHODS TO INFORM US WHEN OUR WATER IS
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NEQUIRE THAT CONSUMER CON	KIDELKE BEPORTS LIST HERVIH EFFECTS FOR DU
CONTAMINANTS DETECTED II	NOUR WATER.
	LEO Sobolewski
	4165, 17th Street
	BEDDING, PA 19606
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	IN E G E I W E (a)
•	1111 OCT - 9 2001 11111

TO: Environmental Pholity Board

Please strengthen rules on water by requiring Williams to motify the media within 24 hours any time our water violates state Rtandards

Best Rgp David Wright 1002 mueller not Warmineter PA 18974



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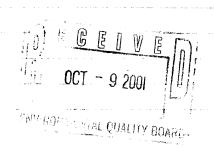
Mr. EMrs. John Word 213 Wisteria Rd. Warminster, PA, 18974

Environmental adity Board 10 Pex 8477 Harrisburg, PA., 17105-8477

RE: Quality of our drinking water

Require whilites to notify the media within 24 hours any time our water violates state standards.
Require utilities to use multiple methods to inform us when our water is unsafe.
Require that Consumer Confidence Reports list specific polluters by rame when date is available.

Trank you, The May G. Wad



Attn: Environmental Quality Board P.O. Box 8477 Harrisburg, P.A 17105-8477

Dear Sir:

As a citizen of Pennsylvania, I am concerned about how pesticides can impact our health and environment. It is for this reason that I ask that Pennsylvania's rules about our right to know, be strengthen. That insist that Utilities be require to notify that media within 24hrs. anytime our environment or health are violated and are not meeting state standards of safety; that they use multiple methods of informing that public of pesticidal use and health risk that these pollutes can cause; and that the requirements of Consumer Confidence Report list specific polluters by name when data is available.

We, owe it to our children and the future generations that have yet to come; so that they too can enjoy the preservation of our natural resources.

Sincerely.

Madeline Ayala 13/3 N. 13 TH 8f Feading, PA 19604

OCT - 9 2001

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD

Attn: Environmental Quality Board P.O. Box 8477 Harrisburg, P.A 17105-8477

Dear Sir:

As a citizen of Pennsylvania, I am concerned about how pesticides can impact our health and environment. It is for this reason that I ask that Pennsylvania's rules about our right to know, be strengthen. That insist that Utilities be require to notify that media within 24hrs. anytime our environment or health are violated and are not meeting state standards of safety; that they use multiple methods of informing that public of pesticidal use and health risk that these pollutes can cause; and that the requirements of Consumer Confidence Report list specific polluters by name when data is available.

We, owe it to our children and the future generations that have yet to come; so that they too can enjoy the preservation of our natural resources.

Sincerely,

Bis N. 13th ST. Devoing. PA. 1960

OCT - 9 2001

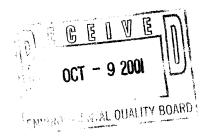
ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD

992 Marian Rd. Warminster Da. 18974

Environental Quality Board

about their quality of drinking water should be strengthened. Multiple methods to inform the public, such as utilities notifying the media within 24 hours, whenever water standards are not met. Consumer Confidence Preports should be sext to all consumers and not just bill Bouging customers.

Heath Swine



992 Marian Rd. Warminster Ba. 18974

And the second second

Environmental Quality Board

I feel Pennsylvanian's right to know about their quality of dividing water should be strongthard. Multiples method to rifer the public, such as utilities nothyrong the media within 24 hours, whenever water standards are not met. Consumer Confidence Reports should be sent to all consumers, and not just bill-paying customers.

Ed Sliwinsk.



Arre LEarne 26 N. Wyoming tre Orbinare Pa. 19003

Dept. 26,01

Dear Person on the Board,

I Request that you take action to

Strengthen Ri's rules about our right

to Know The quality of our drinking

water. Please take the yollowrogactrons!

- Require utilities notify are media upen 24 hours, at any time our water violates safety standards.

- Regulates that Consumer Confidence Reports list thealth effects for all contaminates detected en our vater,

Regards, Annet Farno



To:

Environmental Quality Board

PO Box 8477

Harrisburg, PA 17105-8477

From:

Thomas P. Hezel 55 Primrose Drive

Warminster, PA 18974

I am writing to inform you of my family's desire for you to strengthen Pennsylvania's rules about our right to know about the quality of our drinking water. Specifically, we would like the following laws enacted:

- Require utilities notify me within 24 hours any time our water violates state standards.
- Requires utilities use multiple methods to inform us when out water is unsafe.
- Require that Consumer Confidence reports list specific polluters by name when data is available

Sincerely,

Thomas P. Hezel

OCT - 9 2001

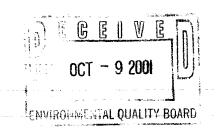
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40 The Environmenta Devality Boardwania, have a right to know Here are Some D'manditory 3) when our water is multiple me -2120 **06T** - 9 2001 ENVIRO ALKIAL QUALITY BOAR

Environmental Quality Board

Please strengthen PAs rule about our right to know about the quality of our drinking water. Require utilities to hotify the media win 24 hrs. any time our water violates state standards. Require utilities TD use multiple methods to inform us when our the is unsafe and Require that consumied confidence reports likt health effects for all contaminents in our water.

Ashley Harris 1957A Hampden Bho Reading PA 19004



ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD PO. BOX 8477 HARRISBURG PA. 17105-8477

TO WHOM IT MA! CONCERD;

I WOULD LIKE 900 TO REQUIRE
OUR UTILITIES TO NOTIFY THE MEDIA
WITH IN 24 HOURS ANY TIME OUR
WATER NIOLATES STATE STANDARDS

THANK YOU
ROBERT KERNAGHAN
WARMINSTER PA



Environmental Quality Boards

Please help Protect and Strengthen my right to Know the quality of my drinking waters

Require utilities to use Multiple Methods to inform me when my water is unsafe.

I honestly don't think it would be hard for them to Notify the Media within 24 hours of a state standard violation, Unless of course they aren't doing their gobs and don't notice that soon. (I'll save that For the next letter.)

Oh, one more thing. Could you require the utilities to, - In the Consumer Confidence Reports list the health effects For ALL the contaminants in my water? I know that even if they aren't violating standards, they can still effect my health. Such as the case with (Arm-snik) Arsenic,

1742 S. 2 street Philly, PA

Thank so much. Offhoebe McClain =

To Whom It May Concern:

Please strengthen Pennsylvanian's rules about our right to know about the quality of our drinking water.

- Require utilities to notify the media within 24 hours any time our water violates state standards.
- Require utilities to use multiple methods to inform us when our water is unsafe.
- Require that Consumer Confidence Reports be sent to all consumers, not just bill-paying customers.

Sincerely,

Kathleen & Brian Shelmerdine

221 Crystal Court Blue Bell, PA 19422

DEGEIVE

OCT - 9 2001

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD

9/24/61

Dear Environmente Grality Bracel

Plant strength PD's unles about

my right to know about the

gracity of our dunhay water,

Please regime white to notify the media

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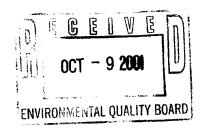
Muholl R. Muws 18/7 Roand St Phile Pa 19/18



To: Environmental Quality Board
We support agislation to strengthen
PA's rules about our right to know
about the quality of our dienting
water.

Require utilities to notify
the media w/in 24 hours any
time our water violates state
standards + use multiple methods
to inform us when our H20 is unsafe.
Require that consumer confidence
Reports list health effects for all
contaminants delected in our
water.

Jen Zapf, PhD 101 Rolling Rd. Wynnewood PA 19096 (010)896-7525



To Environmental Quality Board:

Please require utilities to notify the media within 24 hours any time our water violates state standards and use multiple methods to inform us when our water is unsafe.

Please require that Consumer confidence Reports list health effects for all contaminants detected in our water.

Sincerely,





Original: 2214

p.o. box 8477 harrisburg, pa. 17105-8477 (717)787-4526

October 15, 2001

Mr. Robert E. Nyce, Executive Director Independent Regulatory Review Commission 14th Floor, Harristown #2 333 Market Street Harrisburg, PA 17120

Re: EQB Public Hearing (#7-368)

Dear Mr. Nyce:

The Environmental Quality Board (EQB) recently held a public hearing on the proposed Safe Drinking Water Amendments. The hearing was held in Wyomissing on October 9. Testimony and/or written statements were presented by the following:

- 1. Mike Sienkiewicz
- 2. Robert Wendelgass, Clean Water Action
- 3. Grace Paranzino (no written statement)
- 4. Joy Kaufmann, Pa. Council of Churches (no written statement)
- 5. Jan Keim (no written statement)
- 6. Karen Sergel (no written statement)
- 7. Mike Siegel (no written statement)
- 8. Aurel Arndt

Copies of the written statements submitted at the hearing are enclosed for your review. Verbatim transcripts will be forwarded at a later date. Please contact me if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Sharon F. Trostle

Regulatory Coordinator

s.f. Jostle

Enclosures



Environmental Quality Board Public Meeting/Hearing Safe Drinking Water

Thank you for allowing me to speak this evening on the proposed amendments with new requirements for water systems in the Commonwealth. Please try to follow me and I think in the end what I've said will make sense. This is a subject that is easier to understand in written form.

There are 2,201 community water systems in the Commonwealth, 89% (1958) of this number have less than 1,000 connections. Roughly 50% of the 2,201 systems have less than 100 connections. The virtually all of the small systems rely on groundwater as opposed to the large systems which use surface water.

In the Technical Assistance Committee Center (TAC) Board minutes of January 25, 2001 they say, "The EPA did a cost analysis of the cost to benefit ratio that will be presented to the EQB. It is estimated that a CCR costs between 25 to 35 cents, which may or may not include mailing." I suspect a "Sin of Omission". In the section discussing costs the figure of \$950,000 is used but nothing else. Recently the EPA estimated the annual household cost for systems to take corrective action to lower the arsenic levels. In systems serving fewer than 10,000 people the average is \$38 to \$327 and the large systems will average between \$0.86 to \$32. When you take the two extremes there is a 37, 923% difference or 380 times difference. With 50% of the systems having less than 100 connections, the 37,923% figure is valid to show the spread in costs between the few big systems like PA American and Phila Suburban and a Mom and Pop Manufactured Housing Community (MHC). In the vast majority of the very small systems, the water and sewer systems represent maybe 5% of the total responsibilities of the owners. Manufactured Housing Communities represent close to 50% of all the community systems and they are all very small systems. If you think 37,923% is a large number, wait until somebody starts figuring out the real costs for the nontransient noncommunity systems that are now coming under regulation.

Did you know that the EPA by law must review 5 unregulated contaminants every 5 years. What great built in job security. It's a given that at least 2 will be declared dangerous to our health even though we've been absorbing them all our life. If we take enough out of the water, we can really screw up our immune systems. This bureaucratic insanity has to stop.

In the beginning of the CCR's, the Governor refused to waive certain requirements for systems under 10,000 hookups regarding the notification process which would have eased the burden on small systems while not harming anyone. That was not addressed in these changes and the Governors decision reversed. In an MHC, posting a notice on the side of a cluster mail box or on the community bulletin board is the fastest way to get the word out, and you can't put the notices in the boxes without a stamp. The cost figure of \$0.25 to \$0.35 sure sounds like a big system number, the small system cost per connection for a CCR is most likely in the area of \$132.73 per connection. For a 50 connection system the cost range would be \$4,750 to \$6,636.50, 100 connections would range from \$9,500 to 13,273. Do I think these numbers are accurate? No, but I believe they are a lot closer to the real small systems costs than \$0.25 to \$0.35. If you use the hourly rates some other professions use, the real costs will most likely be in the top 50% of the cost range. These costs apply to 89% of all the community systems

On the translation issue for people who do not speak English, the majority of the TAC Board strongly pushed the idea that the DEP should supply a list of translation resources in the Commonwealth which would enable systems owners to give the list to residents who need the translations. The DEP

Environmental Quality Board Public Meeting/Hearing Safe Drinking Water

wanted to shift the responsibility of having the translations done or finding sources to do the translations to the system owners. Other than a few large systems, the cost in time, energy and money is punishing to the small system owners. 37,923% is a big spread. Being the product of a father who came from Poland and learned to speak English and then taught it to other immigrants, and married to a woman who was a World War II Displaced Person (DP) from Estonia, who learned to speak English, I believe we are doing these people a disservice by not forcing them to learn to speak what should be the language of the land.

The small water and sewer systems need relief from the bureaucrats gone wild. The costs of all the unnecessary legislation and power control games by the EPA and DEP end up being paid for by those groups of citizens who can least afford it, the elderly and the poor. Small systems that purchase water in bulk from the large systems have their hands tied. If they try to meter for conservation purposes and to equability spread the usage costs, they can become subject to having to run (duplicate) the same tests that the water supplier has to do. Large systems such as Pennsylvania American Water Company have programs such as H2O-Help to Others, which they gear to customers at the 125% of poverty level who they directly bill and make a big deal about it. When challenged to offer it to more than the tip of the iceberg, they hide behind a battalion of Philadelphia Lawyers. Their attitude appears to be "It's a great PR tool, but don't expand it too much."

11% of the systems serve 80% of the people, it's the 89% of the systems that are very small, that get punished by the EPA and DEP just because they exist. Small systems are like the relative you talk in hushed tones about.

So, why did I put you through all of this?

First of all to make you aware of the two tiered system in the water and wastewater world in the Commonwealth which is being dealt with as a single problem. Small systems need relief

Secondly, to try to get your attention to force the waiver that the Governor refused to put through which would give a little relief and acknowledge that you understand that there is a difference. West Virginia did put it through, and it hasn't hurt anything, other than a little green PR.

Thirdly, to not allow the DEP with possibly the assistance of a large water company or two to transfer the CCR translation problem to the back of the small system owner. Make the DEP responsible for supplying a list of all the translation services in the Commonwealth as well as the proper notification language for all the various languages that are spoken in the Commonwealth, to system owners to hand out when a resident requests it.

Fourth, to ask you to challenge any information submitted to you to attempt to get all the facts on an issue. In the case of what we are discussing tonight, you haven't been given all the information. If the EPA broke down the Arsenic costs by large and small systems, wouldn't you think they had done that for the CCR, and if they hadn't, they might do it now, if requested? The end result is that you will saddle 89% of the systems with unnessary expenses that Seniors and the poor will end up paying.

Fifth, although not mentioned above, the TAC letter which is referenced in the document, included a request to change the term "mobile home park" in the CCR's to "manufactured housing community". Please do that.

Mike Sienkiewicz Page 2 of 3

Environmental Quality Board Public Meeting/Hearing Safe Drinking Water

Thank you for your time. Any questions?



CLEAN WATER ACTION

Testimony on Public Notification/Consumer Confidence Report Rules October 9, 2001

Good evening. My name is Robert Wendelgass and I reside at 33 East Abington Avenue, Philadelphia PA 19118. I am here to speak on behalf of Clean Water Action, a statewide environmental group with 60,000 members throughout the state.

Clean Water Action has worked extensively on drinking water issues, at the federal, state and local levels. We were active participants in the legislative process in 1995 that produced the new requirement for Consumer Confidence Reports (CCR's); and participated in the process during which EPA developed regulations for these reports. We have evaluated in excess of 250 CCR's from Pennsylvania water systems, issuing two studies reviewing these reports. We have also worked with several dozen utilities to review draft versions of their reports, providing suggestions to improve their readability and accuracy.

I am happy to be here tonight to share our comments and concerns about the proposed regulations. We will be submitting written comments before the November 7 deadline that will critique the proposed regulations in more detail; tonight, I would like to offer some general concerns about the proposals.

Clean Water Action's fundamental concern is that in several key areas, the new rules weaken, rather than strengthen, the public's right to know about the quality of their drinking water. In general, the regulations proposed by DEP follow the regulations or guidance issued by the EPA. However, Pennsylvania's existing Public Notification rules are already stronger than the current EPA rules. While the new proposal does include some improvements over the existing rules, there are several key areas in which the proposed rules weaken existing protections. We strongly oppose these weakening changes, and urge DEP to reverse them.

Former Governor Ridge's Executive Order gives state agencies the authority to adopt regulations stricter than federal minimums if they can demonstrate a clear reason for doing so. We believe there are a number of reasons to do so in this case.

- First, and foremost, Pennsylvania has a long history of problems with drinking water quality. For many years, we led the nation in the incidence of waterborne diseases. While this has dropped dramatically due to required improvements in filtration, that legacy has left a residue of public concern about drinking water that cannot be ignored. In addition, while the disease incidence has declined, problems with drinking water quality still persist. In 1999, 1,591 drinking water systems had 6,157 violations of MCL's or Treatment Techniques or had significant monitoring or reporting violations! While most of those were non-community systems, community water systems reported 140 violations of MCL's and Treatment Techniques and 309 had significant monitoring or reporting violations.
- Pennsylvania also has a significant portion of its population that is more vulnerable to

1933-A Tilghman Street, Allentown, PA 18104 ■ (610) 434-9223 ■ FAX (610) 434-5790
1201 Chestnut Street, Suite 602, Philadelphia, PA 19107 ■ (215) 640-8800 ■ FAX (215) 640-0930
100 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1108, Pittsburgh, PA 15222 ■ (412) 765-3053 ■ FAX (412) 765-1737
4455 Connecticut Avenue NW, Suite A300, Washington, DC 20008-2328 ■ (202) 895-0420 ■ FAX (202) 895-0438

waterborne illness. We are among the nation's leaders in the percent of our population who are elderly, and particularly, over 75 years of age. We have significant populations of people with compromised immune systems, including people with HIV/AIDS and those who have received organ transplants or undergone chemotherapy. And we have a significant population of small children and infants. All of these groups are at higher risk of waterborne illness and need fast, accurate information about problems with the quality of their water.

- Because of our industrial and mining heritage, and with the prominence of agricultural production in much of our state, much of the water we drink comes from sources that are polluted, not pristine. Millions of Pennsylvanians get their drinking water from rivers and streams that are considered "impaired" by pollution by industrial or sewage discharges or by runoff from farms, mines or suburban developments. Others drink from aquifers that are contaminated by these same sources.
- Finally, adoption of regulations stronger than federal minimums would not be a new departure; it would be a continuation of existing practices. Pennsylvania's existing Public Notification Rule is stronger than the minimum EPA requirements in a number of areas. Given our history, our increased vulnerability and the existing threats to our water supplies, we believe that the rules should continue to exceed federal minimums in order to protect public health in the commonwealth.

Having outlined the reasons why we support strengthening of the proposed rules, let me indicate briefly the areas in which we believe changes should be made. I'll discuss the Public Notification Rule first, and then the Consumer Confidence Report rules.

Public Notification Rule:

We support several of the changes made in the PN rule. We support the requirement of a consultation with the state within 1 hour for conditions that could constitute an immediate danger to public health; and support inclusion of treatment technique violations for pathogenic bacteria in Tier 1. However, there are several areas in which the proposed rule should be strengthened.

Notification of the media within 24 hours: We believe very strongly that the public needs to be informed of violations of drinking water standards as soon as possible so that they may take action to protect their health. While we appreciate the reduction in time allowed for Tier 1 notices, we are concerned that the rule reduces the number of activities needed to notify the public. Under the existing rule, three methods of notification are required (notice to TV and radio and the print media within 72 hours, and mail to customers within 45 days). Under the new rule, just one form of notification must be used -- either notifying TV and radio outlets, posting notices or delivering notices within 24 hours.

There are similar changes in the rules regarding Tier 2 violations. Now utilities must notify the broadcast media within 7 days, print media within 14 days and then mail to customers within 45 days. Under the new rule, they must mail to customers within 30 days and notify the newspaper, post notices or provide copies of notices within 30 days. While we support the reduced time for mailing to customers, we are very concerned that under the proposed rules, it may sometimes be as long as 30 days before the public is notified that unhealthy levels of arsenic or some other cancer-causing chemical have been found in their tap water.

The simplest way to resolve these problems and improve our right to know when our water is unsafe to drink is to require all utilities to notify local newspapers and the broadcast media of any Tier 1 or Tier 2 violation within 24 hours. This would be simple and inexpensive for utilities to do; and would give people notice as soon as possible, empowering them to take steps to protect their health.

Use multiple methods of notification to reach people: While immediate notification of the media is important, use of any one method alone is not sufficient. Multiple methods of notification need to be utilized in order to reach all consumers of the water supply, particularly for the most serious Tier 1 violations. In addition, posting notices as the only means of informing the public about a drinking water violation is not sufficient. Utilities should be required to use several of the available options for informing their consumers about potential threats to their health, especially for the most serious Tier 1 violations.

Send repeat notices of continued violations within 30 days: DEP's current proposal would allow utilities to wait up to 90 days before notifying consumers when violations of drinking water standards continue. Notices that the water continues to be unsafe should be sent out at least every 30 days to ensure that people continue to take precautions to protect their health.

Provide translated notices: DEP's current proposal requires notices to include an announcement in a second language that a translated version of the announcement is available if an unspecified threshold of non-English speaking customers exists in a utility's service area. In the interests of getting information to consumers in a timely fashion, we suggest, if the threshold is exceeded, that the announcement sent to customers itself be translated into the additional languages. This would provide the information more quickly than if a person had to call the utility to have a second announcement sent to them. Also, since the text of the announcement is relatively short, it should be possible to include versions in several languages in one mailing. We would further suggest that such notices should be required when 5% of the utility's service area speaks a language other than English.

Consumer Confidence Report Rule:

We are pleased that the proposed rules address some of the issues we have previously raised with DEP. In several years of reviewing reports, we have seen a number of problems, including type size and format that made reports unreadable; additional language that contradicted or detracted from the message of the report; or blanket statements that "our water is safe". However, we urge the EQB to include the following changes in the rule in order to ensure that these reports are accurate, readable and informative.

Distribute the reports to all consumers: The proposed rule only requires that reports be mailed to customers, with a "good faith effort" to reach non-bill paying consumers. Mailing reports just to bill-paying customers ignores a substantial portion of the population, particularly the elderly and lower income renters who are often more vulnerable to water related health problems. Our recent survey of the second round of Consumer Confidence Reports from across Pennsylvania found an increasing number of utilities were distributing the report to all consumers. This

demonstrates that it is both feasible and affordable for utilities to supply reports to all consumers. All utilities should be required to do so.

Name specific polluters by name: Water utilities are required to list known sources of contamination by name in the reports when "reliable" information is available. We urge the DEP to define "reliable" in order to give clearer direction to utilities. Currently, most utilities are unclear what "reliable" data means and consequently ignore the requirement to list these sources. This in turn deprives consumers of information about the sources of the pollution that affects their drinking water.

We suggest that utilities be required to list specific sources of contamination when data from any of the following sources is available: source water assessments, sanitary surveys, the Toxic Release Inventory, Discharge Monitoring Reports or state or federal Superfund data. Utilities should use other information as available but these specific resources should be referenced in order to provide clear direction to utilities.

Provide health information for all detected contaminants: The proposed regulations only require utilities to include health effects language for detected contaminants that violate state or federal drinking water standards (with several specific exceptions). We believe that consumers should be provided health effects information for all detected contaminants. Again, several utilities in Pennsylvania have taken steps to include with information in their reports without causing public alarm or incurring additional costs.

Make available a full non-English translation of the report: The proposed regulations require systems that have a large portion of non-English speaking residents include information in the appropriate language expressing the importance of the report and urging the reader to find someone to translate it. That is not sufficient. We believe that if a water utility serves a community where at least 5% of its population does not speak English, the utility should be required to translate its CCR into that language. Further, it should place a prominent notice in that language in the report sent to all consumers announcing the availability of the translated version. This is the only way to guarantee accurate information is provided to non-English speaking populations.

As I noted earlier, we will be happy to provide additional comments in writing before the close of the comment period. On behalf of our members, and the millions of Pennsylvanians who drink publicly-supplied tap water, I encourage the DEP to improve the proposed rules in the areas I have mentioned, strengthening, not weakening, the public's right to know about the quality of the water they drink.

Thank you.

Testimony to the Environmental Quality Board on behalf of the American Water Works Association-Pennsylvania Section, the Pennsylvania Municipal Authorities Association and the Pennsylvania Water Utility Council regarding proposed regulation — Chapter 109 (relating to Safe Drinking Water)

Good evening. My name is Aurel Arndt. I am Chairman of the Pennsylvania Section of the American Water Works Association (AWWA) and President-Elect of the Pennsylvania Municipal Authorities Association (PMAA). My employer, Lehigh County Authority, is a member of the Water Utility Council (WUC), which includes representatives from the National Association of Water Companies-Pennsylvania Chapter, the Pennsylvania Rural Water Association and the Water Works Operators Association of Pennsylvania, in addition to AWWA and PMAA. This testimony is presented on behalf of all three organizations ("Organizations").

AWWA members include approximately 180 public and private utilities which operate community water supply systems that serve over 8,000,000 Pennsylvanians. Its membership also includes approximately 2,100 water supply professionals, including engineers, operators, managers and vendors in the water supply industry. PMAA members include 284 municipal authorities which provide drinking water to residents throughout Pennsylvania.

Generally, AWWA, PMAA and the WUC are supportive of the changes included within the proposed regulation. In particular, we believe the change to the lead and copper rule which allows water systems that have low lead and copper levels to immediately move to reduced three-year monitoring, thereby bypassing annual testing, is a positive step which does not compromise drinking water safety, yet allows water suppliers to save an estimated \$128,000 annually. Further, we recognize that many of these regulatory changes reflect recently adopted Federal regulations that Pennsylvania must enact in order to maintain primacy under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). We strongly support Pennsylvania primacy for the SDWA.

We have several comments on other matters within the regulation as follows:

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

General

These Organizations strongly support the requirement that community water systems prepare and provide an annual CCR to customers, allowing them to make informed public health decisions concerning the water they are provided. However, consistent with our position on SDWA regulations, we believe that the new CCR requirements should be no more stringent than the provisions of the Federal CCR rule.

Multi-Lingual Information

In the proposed rulemaking, the Department requests comments on a threshold which would trigger the provision of multi-lingual information. The proposed rulemaking cites Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance that suggests a threshold of the lesser of 10% of the population or 1,000 people. We have several suggestions in that regard. First, we believe the 10% of the population level criteria should be dropped. The 10% requirement will be particularly onerous for small systems serving urban areas where the 10% threshold could trigger the multi-lingual requirement for non-English speaking populations of 100

persons or less. Every recent SDWA regulation promulgated by EPA has documented that the impact of regulations is felt disproportionately by small systems who have the fewest resources, financial and otherwise, available to comply with such requirements.

Second, owing to the difficulty of determining the number of non-English speaking residents, we also believe that the number of persons threshold should be increased from 1,000 to 2,500 persons. While census data provides information regarding the ethnic background of our population, it does not document which portion of that population is non-English speaking. Thus we are left estimating what portion, if any, of a particular ethnic group is non-English speaking. At best, this is a gross approximation.

Third, we should believe that the information required to be included in a multi-lingual form in the CCR should be limited to the notice of importance of the report and a contact, telephone number and address residents may obtain for additional assistance in obtaining a multi-lingual copy.

Finally, consistent with our comment below regarding the use of technology, software is currently available for use with websites which allows translation of English versions to a multi-lingual format. Such translation programs are available on the Internet and can be accessed along with the CCR report on the Worldwide Web, if the use of computer technology, as we propose below, is pursued.

Availability of Certain Information

Similar to the recent action by DEP in response to the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks which deleted locational information on Pennsylvania water supplies from the DEP website, we believe that any requirement to identify sources of supply and other system facilities, and particularly their location, should be deleted from CCR requirements in order to better maintain and improve system security.

Technology

As technology continues to evolve, we believe that computer-based media should be considered an acceptable means for distribution of both CCR and public notification information other than Tier 1 and Tier 2 notifications. We believe considerable cost could be saved, making funding available for other safe drinking water needs. We propose that community water systems be allowed to include a notice of the availability of the CCR report in billing inserts and advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation and posting the CCR on a website as an alternative to mailing CCRs to all customers. The notification would include not only a notice of the availability of the CCR but the system's Web address, phone number and also the Web addresses of DEP, the Pennsylvania Public Utilities Commission and EPA for additional information about CCRs and drinking water programs.

To an increasing degree, Pennsylvania residents have access to computers and the Web at home, work, school and public libraries in their neighborhoods. For those who don't, written notification would allow other means of access, including mailing of such reports to those who make such requests.

Public Notification

General

We strongly support the recent changes to the Federal Public Notification Rule adopted by EPA, particularly its approach to establishing three tiers for public notification which links the timing of notices to the significance of the matter which gives rise to the need for a notice.

Multi-Lingual Information

We believe that provisions regarding the multi-lingual notification should match those established for the CCR to simplify administration. Consequently, our comments above regarding multi-lingual information also apply to public notification.

Consultation Process

We also support the inclusion of a consultation process with the Department rather than a list of more prescriptive state requirements. However, in order to make this process workable, we believe that the section regarding consultation shall specify that any additional notice requirements established pursuant to the consultation shall meet one of two criteria: 1) make the public notice process more effective than the measures specified in the regulation; or 2) make the process more efficient, while maintaining the same effectiveness, than the specified requirements. Further, we believe that, consistent with the spirit of consultation and cooperation, any additional requirements should be subject to the agreement of both the Department and the public water supply system. We believe these provisions will better assure that supplemental requirements will, in fact, provide additional benefit and avoid utilizing increasing more resources.

We thank the Board for this opportunity to comment on the proposed regulations and would be pleased to answer any questions or provide further information related to our comments or other matters that may arise as this regulatory process is pursued.

Contact Information:

Aurel M. Arndt Lehigh County Authority P.O. Box 3348 Allentown, PA 18106-0348

Phone: 610/398-2503 Fax: 610/398-8413

Email: aurelarndt@lehighcountyauthority.org

Tracy Sarris
PA-AWWA
1924 N. 2nd Street
1st Floor
Harrisburg, PA 17102
Phone: 717/220 8025

Phone: 717/230-8935 Fax: 717/230-8925

Email: tracysarris@paawwa.org

Jennifer Case PMAA 1000 N. Front St. Suite 401 Wormleysburg, PA 17043

Phone: 717/737-7655 Fax: 717/737-8431

Email: case@municipalauthorities.org

Original: 2214



p.o. box 8477 * harrisburg, pa. 17105-8477 * (717)787-4526

October 15, 2001

Mr. Robert E. Nyce, Executive Director Independent Regulatory Review Commission 14th Floor, Harristown #2 333 Market Street Harrisburg, PA 17120

Re: Proposed Rulemaking – Safe Drinking Water (#7-368)

Dear Mr. Nyce:

The Environmental Quality Board has received comments regarding the above referenced proposed rulemaking from the following:

1.	Wynton Butler	13.	Jeffrey Baker
2.	Paul M. Smith	14.	Cynthia A. Nertavich
3.	Hal Lanin	15.	Kristy Moyer
4.	Ms. Patti Haupt (no address)	16.	Gary Warren & Suzette Scott-Warren
5.	E. Alvarez	17.	Linda L. Sikorski
6.	J. A. Flick	18.	Jenny Bonhitah
7.	William Keyser	19.	Maryann Hill
8.	S. Rimby	20.	Wayne G. Nervik
9.	Laticia M. Johnson-Letterhouse	21.	Bruce E. Fox
10.	Cathy Daniels (no address)	22.	Tanya Styk
11.	Winter Bueno	23.	Michelle L. Nagy
12.	Robert Garrett	24.	Janet L. Mitchell

These comments are enclosed for your review. Copies have also been forwarded to the Senate and House Environmental Resources and Energy Committees. Please contact me if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Sharon F. Trostle

Regulatory Coordinator

S. J. Inostle

Enclosure

To whom it may Concern,

Il in writing to request that
Willies are required to notify the media
willies 24 troops any time our water violates
that slandards. Furthermore, I would like
you to require reports that Cist the
realth affects for all contaminants found
in the with

Nanker Wyster S. Jus



Environmental Quality Board PO Box 8477 Harrisburg, PA 17105-8477

I would like to require utilities to notify the media, within 24 hours any time our water violates state standards.

Sincerely, Paul M Smith



FO BOX 8477 HARRISBURG, PA 17105-8477

SEAR SIRS + MARANES,

ABOUT RESIDENTS RIGHT TO KNOW ABOUT THE OWNERTH OF OLD DRINKING HATER. TO THAT END PLEASE IMPLEMENT THE FOLLOWING:

RECOURTE LITHETTES TO NOTIFY THE MEDIA
WITHIN 24 HOURS ANY TIME OUR HATER
VIOLATES STATE STANDARDS.

RECURRE THAT CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORTS
LIST HEARTH EFFEUTS FOR ALL CONTAMINATES
DETECTED IN OUR HATER

RECOURTE CITICITY TO USE MULTIPLE
MEMORS TO INFORM US NIMED WATER

15 WHSAFE.

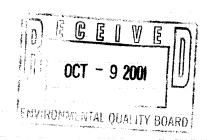
John You

BIRDIBORO, PA 19503



That the public be modified through the mode a significant work falls below since standards. I also the temporar Confidence Hoporistics sent out to everyone whose waste countries established.

Pall Houpe



Reading, PA.

To Whom it may Concern

Strengthen Pennsylvanias' tules
Requiring utilities to notify the
media within 24 hours anytime
our water violates state standards
and use multiple methods to
inform us when our water is
unsafe and require consumer
confidence Reports be sent to all
consumers, not just bill-paying
constances.

Att: E. Alvarez 1133 Spring St. RdG. P.A. 1**9**604



Alar Chrisomental Quality Poarel 90. Jet. 3 rd 2001 P.O. Prox 8477 HARRISEURG, DA. Jam bouting as a concerned cityren when I ask who does one Contact When you see and certain environmental Contaminateis taking place. The people here his warminster who should the on the loading edge of such watchfulners wouldnit know polution if they saw it -None of these people hope professional Atatus praising of any calaber — All they know is when its bench times and their next pay dory— I know of one polution of ground water that is occurring a A write this letter Who - do A contact pluse line Amende Call Me. in retthis water con-tamination of h. Hick GEIVED 279 EUNST OCT - 9 2001 WARMINSTER, DA - PHONE. 215-672 pHone. 215-672-Think your -

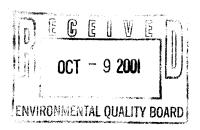
76 Envisormental Quality Board

I would like to see the utilities be required to notify the media within 24 hours any time our water violates state standard.

Also require the utilities to use multiple methods to inform us when our water is unsafe.

Finally, require that Consumer Confidence Reports list health effects for all contamminanyts detected in our water. Thank You!

William Keyser 309 Fir Street. Warminster, Pa. 18974



To Enveranmental Owalth Board Po Boy 8477, Starrisbury Pa 17105-8477 Tell them to strengthen Pa, rules about our rights to Know about the quality of our dunking water Require utilities to motify the machine with in 24 km. any time our water violates star Cauch Require utilute to use mulitipe methods to inform use when one water Require that Consumer Conficience reports wit health effects finall contaminants detector in our water Thank you Budskar Pa ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD,

AS A CITIZEN OF THIS FAIR STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA I WILL REQUIRE THAT YOU HAVE UTILITES TO NOTIFY THE MEDIA WHITIN 24 HOURS AT ANY TIME THAT OUR VIOLATES STATES STANDERS . ALSO I REQUIRE YOU TO USE MULTIPLE METHODS TO INFORM US WHEN THE WATER IS UNSAFE AND LAST BUT NOT LEAST I REQUIRE THAT CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORTS LIST HEALTH EFFECTS FOR ALL CONTAINMENTS DETECTED IN OUR WATER.

SIGNED

LATICIA M JOHNSON-LETTERHOUSE

Haticia H Johnson Letterhouse 1633 Mulberry St Rdg. PA 19604

OCT - 9 2001 ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD PATENTEN ENVIRONMENTAL GUALITY BOARD. POBOX 8477 HARISBURG, PA 17105 I REQUIRE UTILITIES TO NOTIFY THE MEDIA WITHIN 24 HAS DUY TIME OUR WATER VIOLATES STATE STANDARDS I REQUEE UTILITIES TO USE MULTIPLE METHODS TO INFURM US WHEN OUR WATER IS UNSAFE I REGURE THE COUSINER CONFIDENCE REPORTS LIST ALL CONTRUINANTS DETECTED IN OUR WATER THANK YOU CATHYDRUELS

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD

ATTN: ENVIRONENTAL Q.A. BOARD P.O. BOX 8477, HARRISBURG P.A. 17120

REQUIRE UtilitiES to NOTIFY THE MESIA WITHIN DY hours ANY time OUR WATER VIOLATES STATE STANDARDS.

REQUIRE UtilitiES to USE MULTIPLE METHODS to INFORM US WHEN OUR WATER IS UNSAFE.

REQUIRE THAT CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORTS LIST HEALTH EFFECTS FOR All CONTAMINANTS SETECTED IN OUR WATER.

Singerely Winter Bueno WINTER BUENO P.O. BOX 13031 READING, P.A. 19612

OCT -9 2001

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD



525 West Second Street Birdsboro, PA 19508

Environmental Quality Board PO Box 8477 Harrisburg, PA 17105-8477

Environmental Quality Board:

This letter is to urge you to strengthen Pennsylvania's rules about the quality of our drinking water. Specifically, I request that you:

- 1. Require utilities to notify the media within 24 hours any time our water violates state standards
- 2. Require utilities to use multiple methods to inform us when our water is unsafe
- 3. Require that Consumer Confidence Reports list specific polluters by name when data is available

Sincerely

Robert Garrett

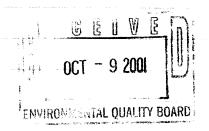


Environmental Quality Board PO Box 8477 Harrisburg, PA 17105-8477 ZEM COT 16 AM 8:37

I want the rules about Pennsylvania's right to Know about the quality of our drinking water Strengthered.

- Require Utilities to notify the media within 24 hours anytime our water violates standards
- Require utilities to use multiple methods to informus when our water is unsale.
- Require that consumer confidence Reports list Specific polluters by name when data is available.

Sincerely,
Jeffrey Baker, Juffen/Bahr
4 Mansion Ct. East/
Birds boro, PA 19508



TO ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD,

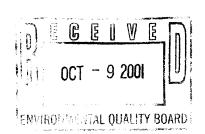
In WRITTING TO YOU TO ASK YOU TO STRENGTHEN THE PENNSYLVANIA'S RULES ABOUT OUR RIGHTS TO KNOW ABOUT THE QUALITY OF OUR DRINKING WATER.

- REQUIRE UTILITIES TO NOTIFY THE MEDIA WITHIN 24 Hours ANY TIME OUR WATER VIOLATES STATE STANDARDS.
- REQUIRE UTILITIES TO USE MULTIPLE METHODS TO INFORM US WHEN OUR WATER IS UNSAFE.
- REQUIRE THAT CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORTS LIST HEALTH EFFECTS FOR ALL CONTAMINANTS DETECTED IN OUR WATER

THANK You!

CYNTHIA A. NERTAVICH 1133 PERRY ST. READING PA

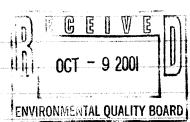
19604



Kristy Moyer 2229 Raymond Ave Reading PA 19405

Environmental Quality Board to Box 8477 Harrisburg 1 PA 17105-8477

Rep. Art Hershey Main Capital Marrisburg PA 17120



Plase Strengthen PA's rules about the quality of our drinking water

Require utilities to notify the media whin 24 hrs. any time our water violates state standards.

Require utilities to use multiple Methods to inform us when our water is unsafe.

Reports list health effects for all confaminants detected in our water.

Thank you!

GARY S. WARREN & SUZETTE G. SCOTT-WARREN

2001/07/16 // 84.37

1532 Birch Street Reading, PA 19604 (610) 373-5330 hm (610) 206-7859 wk

iriemonjamaica@msn.com; gwarren@phlyins.com

September 14, 2001

Environmental Quality Board P.O. Box 8477 Harrisburg, PA 17105-8477

Dear fellow statesman,

We insist that you strengthen Pennsylvania's rules about our right to know of the quality of our drinking water. Utilities <u>must</u> notify the media within 24 hours <u>any</u> time our water violates state standards. Utilities <u>must</u> use multiple methods to inform us when our water is unsafe. Consumer Confidence Reports <u>must</u> list health effects for <u>all contaminants</u> detected in our water.

Gary S. Warren & Suzette G. Scott-Warren

D) E G E I V E
OCT - 9 2001

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD

TO: ENVIRONMENT QUALITY BOARD PO BOX 8477 HARRISBURG, PA 17105-8477

PLEASE STRENGTH PENNSYLVANIA SRULES ABOUT OUR RIGHT TO KNOW ABOUT THE QUALITY OF OUR DRINKING WATER.

- * NOTIFY UTILITIES TO NOTIFY THE MEDIAWITH-IN 24 HOURS ANY TIME OUR WATER VIOLATES STATE STANDARDS.
- * REQUIRE UTILITIES TO USE MULTIPLE METHODS TO INFORM US WHEN OUR WATER IS UNSAFE.
- * REQUIRE THAT CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORTS LIST SPECIFIC POLLUTERS BY NAME WHEN DATA IS AVAILABLE.

LINDA L SIKORSKI 542 S 16TH ST READING, PA 19606

Linda L. Silvaralin

OCT - 9 2001

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD

Environmentel Quality Board
To undern it may concern. eft ese at edil bloon ew. silbild renueno D'Roque utilities to nistine siber media within 24 his any? ater miolates state standados. equiture saw of certilities enipper early remand batt eninger (E to N. nemena Do at tree orl, strips , constans jugues - Die Fenz 140 Splin St. Reading, Da. 19604



9/26/01 Dear Environmental Quality Board Clease strengthen PA's rules about the right to know, about the quality of our dringer, water. O Requere utilities to notify the media within 24 hours ony Time our water violates state standards. @ Kegure utilities to use. moltiple methods to inform us when our water is unsafe. 3 Require that Consumer Confidence reports lost specific pollutus by name when data is oralable. Lmayarn Auc 1296 Robbebsoot Kl Warmenster Pa 18971

OCT - 9 2001

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY BOARD